<u>EYFS</u>

NURSERY	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Possible topics/cross curricular links Area of Learning: Expressive Art and Design – Being Imaginative and Expressive.	Me and My Family/ Family and FriendsDiwali – listen to festival music and experiment with moving their bodies in response to the music.Traditional Tales – use of percussion instruments to retell familiar tales for example, Sleeping Beauty.Singing Christmas carols and songs.	Magical Characters Music to express emotion using the Colour Monster as stimuli. Chinese new year - listen to music from China, listen to and watch dragon festival dance.	Animals from around the worldLearning about animals from Australia and Africa and listening to music from those countries. Children then move to the music in the style of the animals.African drumming using the djembe drums.Make Music Day – 21st June
Listen and respond to	the year through continuous provision planni o different styles of music. 'songs, share and perform. Sing the pitch of c	ng a tone sung by another person. Create their ov	vn songs or improvise a song around one
they know. Play un-tuned percus			
Use percussion instrur Explore and engage	nents to compose. in music making and dance.		
Listen to and sing cal	I and response songs. I to music from different genres and cultures.		
	-	A nursey rhyme per week is learnt through pha	nics teaching.

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RECEPTION	Autumn	Spring	Summer			
Possible topics/cross curricular links Area of Learning: Expressive Art and Design – Being Imaginative and Expressive.	 Dance – music related to topics, moving to different genres of music, discussing how it makes them feel. Ourselves – settling in songs, transition songs between reception and nursery. Retelling of familiar stories through body percussion, expressive sounds, e.g. Room on the Broom. Phase 1 phonics – use of body percussion to explore sounds. Christmas Nativity performing and singing songs together. 	 Chinese New Year – listen and watch the dragon dance, listen to Chinese music, recreate own Chinese new year festival, dance to own dragon dance Castles – exploring how music used to be a main form of entertainment. Class assemblies – perform a familiar class song. 	 African Animals – learning, listening to and comparing musical instruments and music from the around the world, African drumming using the djembe drums. Class assemblies – perform a familiar class song. Talk for writing which encompasses vocal and body sounds in addition to percussion instruments to enhance storytelling. Make Music Day – 21st June 			
Skills built throughout	the year through continuous provision plannin	g				
Listen and respond to	o different styles of music.					
Learn to sing rhymes/	songs, share and perform, increasingly match	ing the pitch and following the melody.				
Play un-tuned percus	sion instruments.					
Listen carefully to rhy	mes, songs and rhyming stories, paying attenti	on to how they sound.				
Use percussion instrur	nents to compose.					
Explore and engage	in music making and dance.					
Listen to and sing cal	and response songs.					
Listen to and respond to music from different genres and cultures.						
Explore percussion so	Explore percussion sounds to enhance storytelling and poetry.					

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KS1	

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
fear 1	Listening and Responding	Composition in response to a stimulus	Case Study	Singing and performing as a group	Rhythm and pitch patterns	Picture notation	
Throughout the year and within music assemblies.	Listen to and sing call and response and action songs. Sing call and response songs to control vocal pitch and to match the pitch heard with accuracy. Explore percussion sounds to enhance storytelling and poetry. Sing simple songs, chants and rhymes from memory, singing collectively and at the same pitch.						
	Listen to sounds in the local school environment, comparing high and low sounds. Walk, move or clap a steady beat with others, changing the speed of the beat as the tempo changes. Listening: What a wonderful world (Louis Armstrong) (20 th century)	Sing familiar songs in both low and high voices talking about the difference in sounds. Use body percussion and classroom percussion, playing repeated rhythm patters and short, pithed patterns on tuned instruments to maintain a steady beat. Listening: BBC 10 pieces Holst the Planets - Mars. Composition of own planet pieces. (classical)	Create musical sound effects and short sequences of sound in response to a stimuli, e.g. a rainstorm/train journey. Respond to the pulse in recorded/live music through movement and dance. Listening: Rondo alla Turca – Mozart (classical) case study .	(Listen and learn songs. Share and perform. Play percussion instruments)	Listening, pulse, rhythm, singing playing tuned instruments composing sharing and performing. Understand the difference between creating a rhythm pattern and a pitch pattern. Listening: With a Little Help from my friends – The Beatles (popular music)	Listening, pulse, rhythm, singing playing tuned instruments composing sharing and performing. Recognise how graphic notation can represent created sounds. Explore and invent own symbols. 21st June 'Make Music Day'	

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2		
Year 2	Rhythm patterns	Composition in	Case study	Sea shanties	Notation and	Using		
		response to a stimulus			composition	technology		
Throughout the	Listen to and sing call and	Listen to and sing call and response and action songs.						
year and within								
music assemblies.	Sing call and response sor	ngs to control vocal pitch	and to match the pitc	h heard with accurac	cy.			
	Explore percussion sounds	to enhance storytelling a	nd poetry.					
	Sing simple senge obants	and thumas from momon	, singing collectively o	nd at the came nitch				
	Sing simple songs, chants Walk and mark the beat	Create music in	Rhythm and pulse,	To use graphic	To begin to use dot	Summer		
	of a piece of music by	response to a non-	composition, share	symbols as	notation as	Production		
	tapping and clapping	musical stimulus e.g. a	and perform	appropriate to	appropriate to	(Listen and		
	and recognising tempo	storm, rocket launch		keep a record of	keep a record of	learn songs.		
	as well as changes in	BBC 10 pieces John	Sing songs with a	composed pieces.	composed pieces.	Share and		
	tempo.	Adams short ride in a	pitch range with			perform. Play		
		fast machine.	increasing vocal	Sing short phrases	Begin to show an	percussion		
	Play copycat rhythms,	(classical)	control.	independently	understanding of	instruments)		
	copying a leader and			within a singing	texture and timbre			
	invent rhythms for others	Sing songs with a small	Work with a partner	game or short		Use music		
	to copy on un-tuned	pitch range (e.g. rain,	to improvise simple	song. Responding	Show confidence	technology to		
	percussion. Create	rain, go away)	question and	independently to	with pulse and	capture,		
	rhythms using word	pitching accordingly.	answer phrases too	pitch changes.	tempo	change and		
	phrases as a starting		be sung and			combine		
	point.	Begin to group beats	played on un-	Listening: Sea	Listening: Night	sounds.		
		by tapping knees on	tuned percussion,	Shanties – Dreams	Ferry – Anna Clyne			
	Know the meaning of	the first beat and	creating a musical conversation.	across the ocean.	(21 st century			
	dynamics and tempo and be able to	clapping the	conversation.		classical)	21 st June 'Make		
	demonstrate these when	remaining beats.	Listening: Bolero –			Music Day'		
	singing.	Listening: Fantasia	Ravel (classical)					
	singing.	(Classical)	case study					
	Listening: Stravinsky The							
	Firebird Suite. (classical)							
	Hound Dog – Elvis Presley	Christmas Carols						
	(Rock and Roll)							

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